

The Evening Herald.
Published by
The Evening Herald, Inc.
Bryan M. Henderson, Manager.
E. Dana Johnson, Editor.
Official Paper of the City of Albuquerque.
Published every afternoon except Sunday, at 121 North Second Street, Albuquerque, N. M.
Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Albuquerque, N. M., under the Act of March 3, 1879.
One month by mail or carrier, \$1.00
One week by carrier, .15c
One year by mail or carrier, \$10.00
In advance \$5.00
Telephone 187 and 188.

A MEMBERSHIP CAMPAIGN.

The secretary of the Albuquerque Commercial club proposes to inaugurate a vigorous membership campaign for the club after the first of the year.

It is a good idea of Mr. Egan's. Membership campaigns are not only a mighty good thing in increasing the membership of the club and thus making it more and more representative of the citizens of Albuquerque, but they also stimulate interest and enthusiasm on the part of present members of the organization. There is nothing that helps a man to boost the existing another man to boost. The Commercial club should have more members; it should include every man in Albuquerque who is loyal to his home city and wants to help it grow and prosper. It doesn't cost you much to belong to the Commercial club and you get a lot out of it. The club is now actively a business men's organization, organized to look after the business of the community; you should have a voice in its deliberations and your ideas are needed at its meetings.

The secretary has also made the excellent suggestion that more frequent club meetings be held. This is along the line of The Herald's recommendation of yesterday. Not only should we have more frequent meetings but we should have an organized plan for the year's campaign with some definite matter of public interest and public necessity to be discussed at each meeting. Begin with a mass meeting to outline what we want to do in 1914; divide up the work and make every man do his part.

RADIUM.

The secretary of the interior has announced the government's intention of starting a still hunt for the precious mineral known as radium in the government's lands of the west, and that all lands where the presence of radium is suspected shall be withdrawn from entry pending an investigation.

It is the idea of the secretary to dig enough radium on the public domain to cure the cancers of the world. Cancer has become a worldwide scourge second only to tuberculosis in its ravages, and it appears to be fairly well demonstrated that it is curable by the radium treatment.

The secretary's idea is all right provided he is sure his suspicions are well grounded before he accuses any public land of containing radium and places it under arrest. In the past there have been serious abuses of the practice of lying up needed lands and withholding them from settlement and development pending "investigation" by the government. It is quite proper, however, to take whatever steps are reasonably necessary to prevent the exploitation of radium possibilities by unscrupulous private interests, provided the government doesn't hunt around and leave the radium lying unused while the lands are tied up.

President E. A. Jones of the New Mexico School of Mines and an experienced mineralogist believes there is radium in New Mexico and has for some time past urged a thorough investigation of our radio-sensitivities. It would be another considerable feather in the cap of New Mexico if it is addition to being the world's sanitarium for tuberculosis we might be instrumental in furnishing a cure for thousands of men and women suffering from another disease which has proved much more baffling to science.

SCHOOL HYGIENE.

Should lunches be provided by the public schools? Shall the open-air class room replace the closed room? Should school janitors be trained sanitarians? Do we need dental clinics for all school children? These are a few of the many phases of health supervision discussed pro and con in a bulletin on school hygiene just issued by the United States bureau of education.

The bulletin is a report of a recent international congress of school hygiene, and therefore practically amounts to a symposium on health matters by leading physicians and educators. Dr. MacMillan, of Chicago, describes some of the factors that prevent successful growth in school children. Dr. Knapp, of New York,

offers brief practical suggestions on healthy several well known school conditions question the need of the present extensive ventilation appliances used in American schoolhouses. While one New York architect, deeply impressed with the force of the open-air propaganda, describes a special open-air school building constructed on a much more elaborate scale than those now in use. Brief statements on this and other phases of school hygiene by fifty school men and physicians are included in the bureau bulletin.

The work of the dental clinics in Philadelphia, Hartford, Boston, Cincinnati, Cleveland and other cities how children's eyes can be cared for during the period of school attendance; the psychological climate and the spread of the movement for mental classification of children; the effects of athletics on health; these and many other features of the health supervision movement are discussed in the bulletin.

THIS MUST BE A CANARD.

Within the past month New York has lost two of its most successful merchants, Benjamin Altman and George A. Hearn. Their names from ocean to ocean have been synonymous with business success. They were millionaires; and yet the startling statement is made in a number of newspapers that neither of these men would what the muckrakers tell us is the price of conspicuous business success; neither subverted his moral nature, neither ground his employees into the dust, they didn't cheat their customers out of their eye teeth, didn't use underhand methods to attract trade and didn't stifle competition and crush the small merchant into the dust. It is even declared these men adhered to ideas of old-fashioned honesty and yet reached the top.

Surely this must be another piece of journalistic mendacity. The ethical experts have about convinced us that Big Business is in the nature of things dishonest and oppressive and rotten from the ground up. The successful man on a large scale, we have been taught to believe, gives himself dead away by his own success. If it is true that these men were honest and square and decent, how on earth are we ever going to reconcile it with the talk the reformers have been giving us for so, these many moons?

EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

An interesting comparison between the expenditures on public roads in the United States in 1904 and in 1912 has recently been compiled by the department of agriculture through its office of public roads, showing the tremendous growth that has taken place in the movement for better highways within the last eight years.

In 1904 the total expenditure on all public roads in the United States was \$19,741,417, but in 1912 the expenditures for this purpose amounted to \$264,232,365. The expenditure per mile of public roads in the United States for 1904 was \$37.97, but the expenditure per mile for the year 1912 had doubled, amounting to \$141.65. The expenditure per inhabitant in 1904 was \$1.85, but in 1912 it amounted to \$1.75.

The greatest progress in road building has been made in the states which continue from the state treasury toward the construction of state-aid or trunk-line roads. In 1904 there were 13 states that contributed out of the general fund \$2,697,000, but in 1912 there were 25 states, which contributed \$43,757,428. The states having the largest expenditures for state-aid and trunk-line roads in 1912 were as follows: New York, \$23,000,000; Pennsylvania, \$4,000,000; Maryland, \$3,370,000; Connecticut, \$2,000,000.

WHAT ARE WE DOING?

A bunch of business men of the little city of Tucuman went out the other day and inspected the site of a road crossing at the Nevada, perfecting plans for a handsome concrete crossing to cost several thousand dollars. That is how important the business men of Tucuman regard the Panhandle-Pacific highway, which is to run from Amarillo to Albuquerque and furnish an artery for all the business of the great plain country and western Texas to come to Albuquerque.

As has been modestly stated a number of times, this road will be of vast importance to Albuquerque than to any other town along its route. So far, however, Albuquerque's activities have been chiefly confined to their approval of what the other towns are doing—and, like Tucuman, they are all doing something.

The road in the course of the next few months is going to be finished as far as Albuquerque's district—which includes the rocky barrier at the mouth of Tijeras canyon. How would it look for Albuquerque to bottle herself a little and begin to think about doing her part on this project?

JABS In the Solar Plexus.

THE TANGO, says a French bishop, is one of the greatest discontents of the mortality of France. We guess that this will hold the tango for a while.

OUR IDEA of a favorable opening for ambitious young business men is not running a bank in the City of Mexico.

AFTER A MAN finds himself in a hole it is surprising how many people there are who could have told him what path he might have taken to avoid it.

A PHILADELPHIA woman says the Oklahoma Indians are too rich for the missionaries to convert and another eastern authority says the destitute Jicarilla Apaches of New Mexico are living on stewed pine bark and consequently prefer a square meal to salvation. The missionaries are playing in hard luck with Poor Lo.

IT IS A COLD day in July when New York doesn't hot up with a trunk murder mystery.

THEY OUGHT to prohibit the sale or manufacture of trunks.

KAY, Old Sport, we sure would like to have a photo of you in that Christmas bathrobe.

CAREFUL investigation of the 1914 calendar reveals the pleasant fact that it contains fifty-three pay days.

She Has No Legacy. The "legion lady" who has been appearing at the New York city two-day houses, displaying her paucity of either limbs before delighted spectators, is defendant in a suit in which she is charged with "jumping" a contract.—Troy Standard Press.

She ought to hunt up the armless man. Before the sands of her life are run; Then these two remnants should fall in love. And let some preacher man make them one. —Judd Lewis in Houston Post.

Ahem—well—er, to go back to the first stanza, we fail to understand how the audience could have been "delighted" with a legless lady.

A CINCINNATI man killed his wife because he saw the devil in her eyes. He evidently forgot that the human eye is a mirror.

THEY say that extravagant John D. Rockefeller squandered \$35,000 on Christmas presents this year. Oh, well, considering the number of consumers that will not mean much of a per capita increase in the price of oil.

THEY say Hobson will find it much harder to stink the Underwood than to scuttle the leaky old Merrimac.

AND by the way, did you ever know Mr. Hobson to be out of his seat when the spelling was turned on it?

UNDOUBTEDLY Huerta also can produce a doctor's prescription to show that he uses it solely for medicinal purposes.

THE PANKHURSTS always work in relays so that when they carry Emmeline off to the luncheon-room Sylvia always holds up to take her place.

ALL THE newspapers in Mexico City, it is reported, are supporting Huerta. Which goes to show that an editor is not always an absolute bonehead.

THE PRINCIPAL contest in the state of New York seems now to be between Boss Murphy and Boss Barnes as to which can resist being reformed the longest.

PICKLE FAME has taken all skinned.—You hear no more of Yonny Lind.

DR. MONTESSORI advises us to "give the children liberty; let them smash things." Nothing like making a virtue of necessity.

THE CARABAO has found out that the foreign policy of the administration is no laughing matter.

THE PARCEL post is all right, but we are a little anxious about next year when it comes to get those fifty-pound packages down the chimney.

PRESIDENT Wilson plays good golf. Also Bryan makes nice Chattanooga speeches.

MUST of that hue and cry about the "Citizens Alliance" starting the Calumet public seems to be a false alarm.

ALSO we are pained to state that either Charley Meyer or Jim McNaughton is a liar.

MR. QUEZON says the Filipinos were much touched by Mr. Wilson's attitude toward them and the gentle brown men now regard the Americans as their real benefactors. For the benefit of those Democratic benefactors who have been given fat jobs in the islands, we would explain that the hole is sharpened on both sides and has a neat little curly-cue on the end, while the crease has wavy edges like a cake knife, and the burning is probably more painless than either of them.

ABOUT THE only fact we can be quite sure of is that somebody hit Mr. Meyer. He may prove a bigger mystery than Lily Patterson.

Trimble's livery, 211 W. Copper. Phone 2.

TEN YEARS SINCE THE IROQUOIS FIRE

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 30.—Ten years ago today Chicago was the scene of a fire catastrophe that shocked the whole civilized world—the burning of the new Iroquois theater, in which 652 persons, mostly women and children, lost their lives.

Today a large proportion of the city's population paused in the pursuit of their usual occupations to pay tribute to the memory of the dead. Hundreds of persons joined in the program of memorial services held at the Iroquois Memorial Emergency hospital. Similar services were held in a number of churches. In the downtown district the flags on many buildings were at half mast. Silent pilgrimages were made to the various cemeteries, where wreaths were laid on the graves of the victims of the disaster.

The burning of the Iroquois theater was the most appalling disaster of its kind in the history of America, and will long be remembered by hundreds of families who lost one or more of their members in the catastrophe.

The fire originated on the stage of the theater during the matinee performance of December 30, 1903, at a time when every part of the house was crowded with the usual holiday audience of women and children. The theater was practically new, having been opened only a few weeks previous to the fire. It was a playhouse of the first-class and was of so-called fireproof construction. As a matter of fact the house itself suffered comparatively little damage from the fire.

The official investigation showed that the great loss of life was the result of panic among the spectators. The attraction at the theater on the fatal day was the Christmas spectacle of "Bluebeard," which had been running at the Iroquois since the opening of the theater. It was the general belief that sparks from one of the spotlights stationed in the wings of the stage ignited some of the flammable pieces of scenery and in a few moments the blaze spread upwards toward the flies.

Some of the actors and employees tried to beat out the flames, but did not succeed and the signal was given to lower the fireproof curtain. Owing to the fact that a rope, with which the aerial ballet was manipulated, had been so fastened that it obstructed the movements of the curtain, the latter could not be lowered for some time.

When the curtain was finally released the fire had made such progress on the stage that the employees became panic stricken and opened the large double door in the rear of the stage. This resulted in a terrific draft that caused the asbestos curtain to bulge out into the auditorium. In a few minutes the curtain tore and fell and an immense volume of smoke and flames poured into the house.

When the curtain fell the most of the seats on the orchestra floor had been emptied by the panic-stricken spectators, and they were crowding toward the exits as fast as they could. When the smoke and flames poured into the auditorium, sweeping the whole interior, hundreds were overcome. They fell in heaps at the exits and were suffocated by the smoke and heat.

Those on top of the pile of humanity were scorched beyond recognition. The situation was made worse by the fact that the ushers had fled at the first alarm, without stopping long enough to unlock the safety exits with which every floor was provided.

The spectators, finding the safety exits bolted and locked, were compelled to seek their way out through the main entrance and lobby of the theater. This entrance immediately became jammed and hundreds perished before they could reach the open air. A few fortunate ones saved their lives by way of planks stretched from the upper floors of the theater across an alley to the buildings opposite.

The fire was soon under control. At first it was not thought that the loss of life had been great and the full extent of the disaster was not realized until the firemen reached the balcony and scabbled on the house, where they found the dead piled up 25, or eight feet high.

The catastrophe plunged the entire city in mourning. The police department took charge of the removal of the hundreds of bodies and they were taken to the various undertaking establishments and improvised morgues, where they were laid in rows on the bare floors to await identification. Many of the victims were so terribly burned that recognition was impossible. Many of the bodies were not identified until months after the disaster and some of them were never identified. The unidentified bodies were buried side by side in one of the cemeteries and on each anniversary their graves are decorated with flowers by the Iroquois Memorial society.

HOODS WHO.

By John Carey.

(By John W. Carey.) Who writes those little bedtime tales for which the children cry? (None genuine without the air, so fairly weathered) Who pipes those fairy stories of the forest quadrupeds the tale must have been before the covers over their heads? Who made the fame of Booby Coon and cunning Reddy Fox to rival that of Riding Hood and charming Goldilocks? Who shows how Peter Rabbit has his borrow and his loan, his friends and some men, the same as little girls and boys? Who's with no "Hansel" up to date—no Bible nor Koran—and yet has done his share and more? That Thornton Burgess man.

Full weight and satisfaction guaranteed. New State Coal and Wood Yard. C. E. Kunz, Prop. Phone 35.

Dr. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Black Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and its use is a revelation. It has been the work of 25 years, and is so perfect we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name.
Dr. T. A. Barry said to a lady of the haute monde (in French): "As you value your skin, I recommend you to use Dr. Felix's Cream, the best of all the skin preparations." At drug stores and Department Stores.
Ford T. Higgins & Son, Props., 37 West Jones St., N.M.

One on Uncle Joe

By Oscar Underwood

I am going to tell a story of "Uncle Joe," which, I have no doubt, he has forgotten though.

Swapping Tobacco across these days he was a the Line. I have not, because in political lines and I was only a private in the rear ranks. Uncle Joe has for forty years been a political carrier and he has sometimes swapped tobacco across the line. It was the real soldier, not the coffee-cooler or deserter, who swapped their tobacco across the lines in times of real warfare.

An appropriation was needed to entertain distinguished guests. Uncle Joe and I lived at the same hotel together, and, although we differed in politics greatly, we had been close friends for many years.

When this subject for a needful appropriation was becoming urgent, Uncle Joe one night invited me to take a stroll. In those days there were no houses out at Sheridan Circle; there was nothing but a circle. This was a cold moonlight night and we walked out to Sheridan Circle, and then Uncle Joe invited me to take a seat on the curbing and we got down to business. He said:

"My boy, you have heard of the trouble we have been having over the proper entertainment of distinguished visitors. I have been thinking this thing over, and tomorrow afternoon, when most everybody has gone home and the house is thin, if I get up and ask unanimous consent that an appropriation might pass for the purpose of entertaining these distinguished guests, and you vigorously oppose it at first and then allow me to convince you, we might get it through."

So Uncle Joe and I swapped tobacco across the line in that case. Now all I have to say is this. We have had great men in congress, and Uncle Joe is one of the greatest. He has never swapped tobacco across the line for his own benefit. He has always been willing to swap tobacco across the line for the glory and the honor of our great Republic and he has left an example that we may follow. It gives me great pleasure to say that he is one of the great men who will live in the history of our country.

THIS IS MY 50TH BIRTHDAY

Martha Foster Avery. Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery, one of the pioneer leaders of the women suffrage movement in America, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa. Dec. 30, 1858. She attended school in Philadelphia, and later studied abroad, taking up the study of political economy with enthusiasm. She graduated at the University of Zurich. In 1884 Mrs. Avery assisted Susan B. Anthony in the preparations for the international council of women which met in Washington in that year. Later she was made corresponding secretary for the National Suffrage association, which post she held for more than twenty years. From 1891 to 1894 she was corresponding secretary for the international council of women and of the National Woman Suffrage association from 1894 to 1899. Mrs. Avery was also first president of the Pennsylvania Suffrage association from 1894 to 1910, when she resigned to take up further study of political economy in the University of Wisconsin. Congratulations to: Guyard Kipling, the famous writer, 43 years old today. Simon Guggenheim, former senator from Colorado, 46 years old today. Rt. Rev. Michael T. Labrecque, bishop of Chicoutimi, Quebec, 64 years old today. William A. Larned, former Iowa tennis champion, 41 years old today. Frank Klaus, well known middle-weight pugilist, 26 years old today.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

December 30, 1745—James Francis Edward Stuart, called the Pretender, died. Born in 1688. 1805—Francis Lewis, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, died in New York. Born in Wales in 1713. 1818—Buffalo and the village of Black Rock were burned by the British. 1829—A congress met at Bogota to frame a constitution for Colombia. 1851—Louis Kossuth, the famous Hungarian patriot, spoke before the United States congress at Washington. 1849—President Buchanan declined to receive the delegates from South Carolina. 1903—More than 600 lives were lost in the burning of the Iroquois theater in Chicago.

Trimble's livery, removed to Red Barn, 311 W. Copper. Phone 2.

FOUND SALE.
On Wednesday, the 31st day of December, 1913, at 10 o'clock a. m. in front of the city hall on North Second Street, I will sell the following described animals at found sale:
One black horse about 18 years old, will weigh about 600 pounds, branded on left thigh, old sore on back.
One bay horse about 4 years old, will weigh about 400 pounds, old hind feet white, branded on left thigh, has halter on.
One bay mare about 5 years old, will weigh about 400 pounds, white star on forehead, both hind feet white, branded on left thigh.
THOMAS McMILLIN, City Marshal.

PIANOS for Sale
or Rent by
MRS. E. C. WHITSON
Hotel Cuyler,
118 1/2 West Silver Ave.,
Phone 569.

Incorporate Your Business
Come and see us and talk over the advantages of incorporating your business. Companies incorporated under the laws of any state in the union. By incorporating you avoid many of the pitfalls of partnership. Do you need more capital? This is the way to get it. If you have a good proposition we will undertake to raise money for you. Call or address for full particulars.
JOHN BARON BURG REALTY COMPANY,
204 West Gold Avenue,
Albuquerque - - - - New Mex.

Try HERALD want ads, they bring results.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Albuquerque, N. M.
U. S. GOVERNMENT DEPOSITORY
YOUR 1914 BANKING
Firms and individuals who expect to make changes in or additions to their banking connection at the first of the year are invited to avail themselves of the complete facilities afforded by this strong bank.
We receive small as well as large amounts and extend to every depositor individual attention.

LARGEST BANK IN NEW MEXICO AND ARIZONA

Removal Sale
Now is your opportunity to buy a heater when you can save 33 1-3 per cent on every stove. Heaters suitable for Living, Dining or Bed Room. Come and see our display.


ALBERT FABER
308-310 West Central
FURNITURE, CARPETS AND DRAPERIES

For strictly high grade California Red Wood Shingles, Texas Flooring, 4 and 6-inch Native White Pine Flooring, 14-inch Clear White Pine Ceiling, Ruberoid Roofing and Building Paper, try
CITIZENS LUMBER CO.
Phone 970. LET THEM FIGURE YOUR NEXT BILL. 400 S. 2nd.

Figure with us on Sash Doors, Mouldings and Everything in MILL WORK
Superior Lumber & Mill Company

W. H. HAHN CO.
For the Best in Fuel of All Kinds. PHONE 91.
CEMENT LUMP GALLUP LUMP ANTHRACITE, ALL SIZES KINDLING AND MILL WOOD BRICK AND PLASTERING LIME SANTA FE BRICK

Baldrige Lumber Company
Lumber, Sash, Doors, Paints, Oils, Building Paper, Roofing, Cement, Brushes, Etc.
423 SOUTH FIRST. PHONE 403.

Fee's Candy Store